Safety Data Sheet

Date of issue January 1, 2025

1. Product and company identification

Generic Name Fiber Glass Continuous Filament

Product Name Fiberglass Chopped Strand Mat

Fiberglass Woven Roving Fabric

Fiberglass Multi Ply Stitched Chopped Strand Mat/Woven Roving

Fiberglass Filament Winding Roving Fiberglass Hot Melt Leno Woven Roving Fiberglass Hot Melt Uni-Directional Fabric

Fiberglass Pultrusion Roving

Fiberglass Composite Uni-Directional Fabric Fiberglass Knitted Fabrics (various styles)

Supplier Composites Unlimited

1250 South Green River Rd

Evansville, IN 47715 812-455-2279

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview Fiberglass may cause mechanical irritation to the skin, eye and upper respiratory

tract. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation Dusts from this product may cause mechanical irritation of the nose, throat and

respiratory tract.

Ingestion Although ingestion of this product is not likely to occur in industrial applications,

accidental ingestion may cause illness or irritation of the mouth and

gastrointestinal tract.

Skin Dusts from this product may cause temporary mechanical irritation.

Eyes Dusts from this product may cause temporary mechanical irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

IngestionNo specific data.SkinNo specific data.EyesNo specific data.InhalationNo specific data.

Pictogram



Signal Word:

Warning

Hazard Statements:

H302 Harmful if swallowed. **Precautionary Statement:**

P301 + 310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a Posion Center or doctor/physician

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

NameCAS number%Fibrous glass, continuous filament65997-17-3>95Organic Surface Binder/SizingNot available.<5</td>Some Fiberglass products contain Textured Polyester Filament Yarn

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Eye contact Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. If irritation persists, seek

medical attention.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Gently wash with plenty of soap and

water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. If glass fiber becomes

embedded, get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory

arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Ingestion If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Keep

person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention/advice.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product Material is not an electrical conductor and may accumulate static charge.

Extinguishing media

Suitable Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable None known.

Special exposure hazards Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the

incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or

without suitable training.

Hazardous combustion

products

Fiberglass will not burn, but smoking of the product may occur at approximately 400 - 500 °F (approximately 200 - 260 °C) due to decomposition of the surface binder. Surface binders may decompose in a fire situation and release carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and water. Additionally, there are many chemicals that can evolve during any partial decomposition of chemical products. The amounts or identities cannot be predicted and can differ in each situation.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fiberglass itself will not support combustion, but in a sustained fire, proper protection against products of combustion from the fuel and sizing/binder must be worn.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Put on appropriate

personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions Fiberglass is generally considered to be an inert solid waste. No special

precautions are needed in case of a release or spill.

Large spill Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste

container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Small spill Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste

container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Reference to other sections See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating,

drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or

clothing.

Storage Store in accordance with local regulations.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

 Name
 Result
 ACGIH
 OSHA

 Synthetic vitreous fibers
 TWA
 1 f/cc R
 15 mg/m3

 5 mg/m³
 5 mg/m³ R
 5 mg/m³ R

 (Inhalable)
 (PNOC)

Key to abbreviations

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. SR = Respiratory sensitization

C = Ceiling Limit

SR = Respiratory sensitization SS = Skin sensitization

F = Fume

STEL = Short term Exposure limit values

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

TD = Total dust TLV = Threshold Limit Value

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. R = Respirable

TWA = Time Weighted Average

Z = OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring

procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the

effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to

use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to

airborne contaminants.

Hygiene measures Good personal hygiene and the use of barrier creams, caps, protective gloves,

cotton coveralls or long sleeved loose fitting clothing will maximize comfort.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Work clothing should be laundered separately from other clothing before

reuse. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location.

Personal protection

Eyes Safety glasses with side shields.

Hands Use gloves to protect against physical irritation or injury if required by

handling conditions.

Respiratory If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect

against dust/mist. Respirator selection must be based on known or

anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working

limits of the selected respirator.

Skin Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

Environmental exposure Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to

ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Solid

Flash point Closed cup: Not applicable [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Color White to yellowish

Odor Odorless Hq Not available **Boiling/condensation point** Not available Melting/freezing point >800°C (>1472°F) Specific gravity 2.65 to 2.7 Vapor pressure Not available Vapor density Not available Volatility 0% (v/v), 0% (w/w) **Evaporation rate** Not available Viscosity Not applicable

9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility Insoluble
Partition coefficient: Not available

n-octanol/water

% Solid. (w/w) 100

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Materials to avoid None known

Hazardous decomposition

products

Fiberglass products may release small amounts of acetic acid and other organic

materials at elevated temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

There are no known health effects from the long term use or contact with nonrespirable continuous filament fibers, which is the type of fiber glass that PPG produces. Nonrespirable fibers cannot reach the deep lung because they have a diameter of greater than 3.5 micrometers. Fibers of this diameter cannot penetrate the narrow, bending passages of the human respiratory tract to reach the lower regions of the lung and thus, have no possibility of causing serious pulmonary damage. Instead, they deposit on the surfaces of the upper respiratory tract, nose, or pharynx. These fibers are then cleared through normal physiological mechanisms.

Animal Study: In 2000, the Institute of Occupational Medicine (IOM) in Scotland published the results of a long term inhalation study in animals exposed to fibers that were manufactured to be RESPIRABLE. Animals were exposed to a very high concentration of these RESPIRABLE fibers (1022 fibers/cc for 5 hours/day, 7 days/week for 52 weeks). Exposure to these microfibers resulted in the

development of fibrosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma as a result of the fibers being able to reach the lower regions of the lung.

Chopped, crushed or severely mechanically processed fiber glass may contain a very small amount of respirable fibers that could reach the deep lung. The measured airborne concentration of these respirable fibers in areas where severe processing of fiberglass occurred has been shown to be extremely low and well below the TLV. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable glass fibres may cause fibrosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma. Fiber glass in the form supplied, does not contain respirable fibers.

11. Toxicological information

Epidemiology Studies: Two major studies in the US (performed by the University of Pittsburgh) and Europe (performed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer) showed no increase in lung cancer or respiratory disease among people working in production facilities producing NONRESPIRABLE continuous filament fiberglass. An additional smaller study performed in Canada also did not show an association between exposure of workers to fiber glass and respiratory cancer.

Irritation/Corrosion

SkinNot availableEyesNot availableRespiratoryNot available

Sensitization

Skin Not available Respiratory Not available

Target organs Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper

respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Carcinogenicity Classification

Product/ingredient nameACGIHIARCNTPOSHASynthetic vitreous fibersA4---Glass filament, continuous3--

Carcinogen Classification code ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Proven, Possible

OSHA: +

Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all

times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

DOT **TDG** Mexico **IMDG**

UN number Not available Not regulated

UN proper shipping

name

Transport hazard

class(es)

Not available

Packing group

Environmental

hazards

No

Marine pollutant substances

Not applicable

Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Regulatory information 15.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are listed or exempted.

United States

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: No products were found.

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: No products were found.

SARA 311/312 SDS Distribution - Chemical Inventory - Hazard Identification:

Chemical name CAS# Acute Chronic Fire Reactive Pressure Fibrous glass, continuous filament 65997-17-3 Υ Ν Product as-supplied: Ν Ν Ν N Ν

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) None identified.

Mexico

16. Other information

Material is not considered hazardous per 29 CFR 1910.1200

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health - 1 Flammability - 0 Physical hazards - 0

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health - 1 Flammability - 0 Instability - 0

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by Matrix Composites, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.